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COCHISE REVIEW

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VOLUME IV.

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NUMBER 240

THE REPUBLICAN ADVOCATE

CONDUCTED BY THE COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE

PLATFORM

We hereby re-affirm our allegiance to the time-honored principles of the Republican party. We point with pride to the grand achievements of the present administration under the guidance of that eminent statesman William McKinley, who has guided the ship of state, and who has shown that he has been equal to every emergency in upholding the dignity of our country in diplomatic relations with European powers; and particularly the complications existing in China, studiously avoiding by his wisdom, unpleasant complications with other civilized nations.

We endorse the nomination of William McKinley and Theodore Roosevelt, the nominees of the Philadelphia convention of the standard bearers of the National Republican party.

We endorse the nominations of Hon. N. O. Murphy as delegate to congress by the territorial convention at Phoenix, September 24, 1900, recognizing in him one who at this time can accomplish much for the needed wants of the territory, and we also commend the acts and wisdom of said convention.

We endorse the past and present administration of Governor N. O. Murphy.

We are unalterably in favor of statehood and request our delegate to congress to use all honorable means to acquire the same.

We are in favor of an honest and economic administration of the affairs of our county government with a view that the burdens of onerous taxation may be lifted from our already overtaxed citizens of the county.

We exact from the officers in whose hands are entrusted, as public officials, the affairs of the county, honesty and integrity in the discharge of official duties in their respective offices.

We are in favor of government aid for the irrigation of the arid lands of our territory, and we ask that our councilman and representatives use their best endeavors in the territorial council and legislature to bring about that much desired result.



REPUBLICAN TICKET

NATIONAL

For President
WILLIAM MCKINLEY
of Ohio
For Vice-President
THEODORE ROOSEVELT
of New York

TERRITORIAL

For Delegate to Congress
HON. N. O. MURPHY

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET

For Councilman
C. C. WARNER
For Assessor
H. M. WOODS
F. R. O'BRIEN
A. H. NARCROSS
For Sheriff
DAYTON GRAHAM
For Treasurer
C. L. CUMMINGS
For Recorder
H. C. STILLMAN
For District Attorney
G. W. SWAIN
For Probate Judge
W. F. BRADLEY
For Assessor
C. A. OVERLOCK
For Surveyor
J. A. ROCKFELLOW
For Supervisors
G. B. REAY
A. V. NOYES
T. ALLAIRE
For Superintendent of Schools
F. C. WILLARD

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE

Bisbee—John A. Campbell, J. J. Muirhead, J. Graham, Ed. Wittig, Ed. Scott, E. G. Norton, F. Johnston, Scott Whaley, L. J. Overlock, James Farley, A. W. Kinred, H. C. Landau.
Tombstone—A. H. Emanuel, F. N. Wolcott, J. N. Montgomery, W. A. Harwood, C. J. Wier.
Wilcox—W. F. Nichols, John F. Crowley, P. B. Soto, H. A. Morgan.
Pearce—C. M. Renaud, Arthur Wright, John Brockman.
Benson—Wm. Shillam, H. Gerwain, Fairbank—Ben Henny, James L. Henkle, Naco—R. V. Daniels.
Tres Alamos—Marcus Pacheco.
St. David—A. H. Norcross.
West Huachuca—W. C. Shim.
Goshute—H. P. Newton.
Good Hope—Camp—D. Brown.
Pool's Ranch—Sam Bohn.
Turquoise—F. R. O'Brien.
San Simon—C. E. St. John.
Dos Cabezas—T. C. Bello, Perry Wildman.
Johnson—Harry Catalan.
Russellville—Aas Walker.

Our Delegate to Congress.

A country or a community is best judged by its representative man. The men at the helm; the men to whom the community looks up, whom they delight to honor, are the barometers indicating the moral and social status of that community. Such being the case, and judging Arizona by this standard,

she may certainly take front rank, morally, ethically and socially, with any of her sister territories or states. Her representative men stand high among the representative men of the whole country. Conspicuous among them is the Hon. N. O. Murphy, governor of Arizona, and the Republican candidate for delegate to congress. Few western men have been so honored by their fellow citizens as has the present executive officer in Arizona. Twice has he been appointed to the office which he holds, a double compliment never before known to have been paid a territorial governor. His entrance to the office the second time was greeted with pleasure by the citizens generally, all appreciating his peculiar fitness for the place. In his dealings with the legislature Governor Murphy has shown himself frank and fearless to a degree hitherto unknown in that position. In his message, presented at the opening of the Twentieth legislature, his ideas were strongly and clearly expressed. Especially dealt with was the condition of the territory's finances. Economy and honesty were demanded in the administration of public affairs. Governor Murphy is a native of Maine, having been born in Lincoln county in 1849. After receiving a high school education he taught for a while in Wisconsin. In 1883 he came to Prescott to engage in Arizona mining ventures. In 1889 N. O. Murphy was selected by the president to be territorial secretary of Arizona. Two years later, in May 1892, he logically succeeded to the governorship, having for more than a year previous been, in all but name, the territorial executive. He was a member from Arizona of the National Republican Convention held in Minneapolis in June, 1892, and there succeeded in first placing in a national platform a statement of the necessities of the arid region. In November, 1894, in the face of a popular idea that Arizona was strongly Democratic, he was elected by a large plurality as Delegate to Congress, where his service to Arizona was both active and effective. He has always been a strong advocate of the admission of Arizona into the sisterhood of states. He has ever been an able and forcible speaker on this subject, and has made himself heard in the legislative halls of the nation. Through the press on numerous occasions he has addressed himself to the reading public, in the earnest desire that the people of the country, with whom all power lies, and who are responsible, either through active opposition or supine indifference, for all the wrongs that we suffer, may be brought to see that the sun-kissed territory in which we are all so deeply interested is being unjustly dealt with, and that through their influence Arizona will, and speedily, get her rights. With a Republican president, and both houses of congress of the same faith, he will have no trouble to secure one of his great ambitions. In this, as in all his great works for the territory, the people are sincerely with the governor, and in him they have no mean advocate of their rights. With tireless energy, unflinching perseverance, the support of the citizens of Arizona, and a full knowledge of the righteousness of her cause, when in congress Governor Murphy will soon see the territory of Arizona translated into the state of Arizona and forming one of the brightest gems in Columbia's diadem. Hurrah for Murphy and statehood!

The Yavapai Bonds.

As the Democratic campaign orators are using this issue to defame the cause of the Republican nominee, we would like to have the REVIEW readers bear in mind the following facts regarding the same. The history of the bonds began with the legislative act authorizing Yavapai county to issue the bonds for the encouragement of the building of the P. & A. C. railroad. The authorization was made, the bonds were willingly and even enthusiastically voted, the railroad was constructed, the bonds were turned over to it and it was honestly operated for eight years. In the mean time the interest on the bonds were cheerfully paid, and before the idea of repudiation was suggested \$70,000 of them had been retired. The railroad accomplished a great deal of good for the county, but was finally forced out of business by an opposition road. At that time the repudiation of the debt was not considered. Some doubt had been raised, not as to the county's moral obligation, but as to the validity of the bonds. It was not well established that the legislature had power to authorize their issuance. In order to cure the invalidity of these bonds, as well as that of other county indebtedness similarly incurred, a memorial to congress was introduced into the Eighteenth legislature and passed unanimously in the assembly and with a single dissenting vote in the council. This memorial prayed for remedial legislation affecting the foregoing class of securities, and directed the delegate to congress to make use of all means in his power to secure its enactment. Governor Murphy was the next delegate to congress and in 1895, with the aid of Senators Perkins and White of California, and Representative Hilborn of that state, secured such legislation as the memorial prayed for. A just debt had been secured and the name of the territory for honesty had been preserved.

In the meantime the Pima county bond case had come into prominence. Those bonds had been issued under a legislative act as a subsidy for a road which was to be exchanged for them its own securities. The road was never built, the securities were never exchanged and the county never paid any interest on the bonds. Suit was brought against the county and having been carried to the supreme court of the United States the bonds were declared invalid.

Thereupon a question of the invalidity of the Yavapai bonds was raised and suit was brought to prevent the loan commission from funding them. In the meantime Coconino county, which had been struck off from Yavapai, had assumed its share of the county indebtedness and had paid \$140,000 of the Yavapai bonds brought suit against that county which was now contending that the debt was void. Thus the Yavapai officials were forced into the peculiar condition of asserting the validity of the bonds in one suit and denying it the other. In both cases the validity of the bonds was sustained.

Tonight Judge Baker and Mr. Smith will try and make you believe that these bonds were invalid until Governor Murphy procured the passage of an act making them valid. Every one knows that as late as seven years ago there was not the slightest doubt of the validity of those bonds, and every right thinking man knows that a more honest debt was never incurred than that bonded debt of Yavapai county. At the time it was incurred every business man and almost every prominent citizen of that county favored it. It may have turned out that the investment was not so fortunate as it had been hoped it would be, but that fact did not lighten the county's legal or moral liability. As to the act establishing the legality of the bonds, whatever Governor Murphy did toward procuring its passage he did in accordance with a legislative memorial adopted by a democratic legislature. The only vote cast against it was cast by a republican member. All these are facts of record.

The Democratic Messenger

EDITED BY THE COCHISE COUNTY DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE

B. A. PACKARD, Chairman.
C. F. NICHOLS, Secretary.
For Bisbee—James Letson, H. E. Conlon, F. A. Sweet, J. S. Taylor, J. N. Jones, V. R. Stiles, M. J. Cunningham and F. S. Douglas.
For Tombstone—H. J. Gray and J. B. Miano.
For Wilcox—Dr. R. A. Alton.
For Pearce—Joseph Bigton.
For Fairbanks and St. David—Charles Noyes.
For Benson, Tres Alamos and Pool's—S. Friedman.
For Naco and Hereford—B. J. O'Reilly.
For Fort Huachuca, Huachuca Sliding, West Huachuca, Carr's and Miller's Canyon—D. K. Wardwell.
For San Simon and Tevison—Jesse Henley.
For San Bernardino, Four Bar and Rucker—John H. Slaughter.
For Brannock, Wilcox, Dos Cabezas—J. J. Riggs.
For Turquoise, Middlemarch, Barrett, Hardy, Black Diamond and Copper Bullion—George Laid.
For Russellville, Cochise and Bennett—A. H. Wein.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

NATIONAL

For President
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN
of Nebraska
For Vice-President
ADLAI E. STEVENSON
of Illinois

TERRITORIAL

For Delegate to Congress
MARCUS A. SMITH
of Pima

COUNTY

For Councilman
JAMES S. ROBINSON, of Tombstone
For Assessor
STEPHEN ROMER, of Benson
EDWARD BROWN, of Bisbee
MICHAEL GRAY, of Pearce
For Sheriff
ADELBERT V. LEWIS, of Bisbee
For Treasurer
M. D. SCRIBNER, of Tombstone
For Recorder
FRANK HARE, of Tombstone
For District Attorney
E. W. LAND, of Tombstone
For Probate Judge
C. R. BOSTWICK, of Huachuca
For Assessor
WALTER T. FIFE, of St. David
For Surveyor
GEORGE C. CLARK, of Bisbee
For Superintendent of Schools
E. A. NICHOLS, of Wilcox
For Supervisors
THOS. R. YORK, of West Huachuca
P. J. DELEHANTY, of Benson
B. F. GRAHAM, of Bisbee

PRECINCT

For Justice of the Peace
GEORGE B. WILCOX
J. W. WRIGHT
For Constable
A. KUNZ
JAMES FAGAN

PLATFORM

The Democratic party of Cochise county, in convention assembled, indorse without qualification the platform and candidates of the Kansas City convention, and sadly regrets that republican domination at the national capital, by withholding statehood from Arizona, prevents us from recording our votes for the same.

We denounce the Republican doctrine that territories have no rights under the constitution, but can enjoy only such liberties as congress may deem "consistent with their welfare" to bestow.

We endorse the Hon. Marcus A. Smith as the regular Democratic nominee for delegate to congress, and invite all voters who have at heart the best interests of Arizona to assist us in re-electing the leading statesman of our commonwealth to the office to which he has been fairly nominated and which he has so creditably filled.

We promise to do all in our power to defeat the Republican scheme to capture the territorial legislature and will endeavor to send a solid Democratic delegation from this county pledged to repeal the law which compels a voter to pay his poll tax before registration. Cochise now being a first class

county, we believe it should be officered by first-class men, and we therefore present for the endorsement of the people a ticket selected with extreme care. Every man named is pre-eminently qualified to perform the duties of the particular office to which he has been nominated.

We favor the election of men to the office of supervisor who have property interests within the county, and who have shown ability in conducting private business affairs, thereby proving their fitness to conduct the affairs of the county.

We favor an equitable and just assessment of the taxable property within the county, and believe that more care in this direction would place the burdens of taxation where they more justly belong.

We renew the standing pledge of the democratic party to strict economy in the various branches of government and congratulate our citizens on the near approach of the day when the old indebtedness of the county shall be paid off and the rate of taxation can be reduced at least one half.

Imperialism.

A Republican is a form of government in which all the inhabitants of the country are citizens. These citizens are protected by a constitution which is an instrument adopted by the people themselves, and which guarantees that the citizens of the republic shall enjoy certain privileges and that they shall be exempt from certain restrictions. The law making bodies of the republic are created by the constitution, and, as the creature is always subordinate to the creator, those law-making bodies have no power to make laws in violation of any of the provisions of the constitution. An imperial form of government is one in which a portion of all the inhabitants of the country are not citizens but subjects. These subjects are not permitted to enjoy the protection of the constitution, if there is one. For example, the sovereign of Great Britain is styled "Queen of Great Britain and Ireland and Empress of India." The inhabitants of Great Britain and Ireland, under the Constitutional Monarchy, have the protection of the British constitution and the queen or parliament can enact no laws in violation of that constitution. But in the Indian empire the queen and parliament are absolute and can govern the inhabitants of India just as they may see fit.

In our own country it has, until the last session of congress, always been held that, while territories could not enjoy as large a measure of self-government as the states, the protection of the constitution extended to the territories and states alike. The Democratic party still holds this theory to be the correct one, but the Republicans in the last congress stated the contrary to be the case, and even enacted laws for some of the territories that are in direct violation of some of the provisions of the American constitution. They justified the action by the claim that the constitution applies only to the states.

According to this new Republican doctrine, residents of Arizona are not citizens of the American republic at all, but subjects of the American president and American congress. Republican statesmen claim that congress could at its pleasure take from Arizona "a republican form of government, the right of trial by jury, of habeas corpus, of free speech, of freedom of the press" and could at any time establish a state religion, grant patents of nobility or put any rate of tariff both upon imports and exports between Arizona and the other states and territories.

They claim that the provisions of the constitution in regard to these matters apply only to the states. They have already put a tariff around the territory of Porto Rico. Arizona may be next.

The Republicans in convention assembled, both in our territory and in our country, have endorsed this doctrine. A voter who casts a ballot for a single Republican nominee endorses this doctrine. If you believe in it vote accordingly. If you do not, look well to your ballot.

Our Candidate for Assessor.

The following plank in our platform is only a mild expression of the general opinion throughout the country. "We favor an equitable and just assessment of the taxable property within the county, and believe that more care in this direction would place the burdens of taxation where they more justly belong." The hard working miner's little home, the small business man's modest stock in trade and the modest members' belongings are always assessed at their full valuation and remorselessly taxed at the high rate which present conditions make necessary. Some of our large corporations which are officered by men of integrity, like the Copper Queen and the A. & S. E. railroad, give in full lists of their taxable property with fair valuations. But many large stock and mining enterprises, some of which are owned by nonresidents of the county, have managed for years to evade a just assessment of their valuable properties and consequent taxation thus leaving the burden of supporting the government of this immense county and the paying off of the old indebtedness to the relatively poor men who are assessed for the full value of their small possessions. To remedy this condition, the democracy looked for a man to make assessor who knew the county and the people and business enterprises in it thoroughly. One who was scrupulously honest and above all a man who would not be working from the time of his assuming office to the close of his term, for a reelection. They found that man in Walter T. Fife of Saint David. Mr. Fife is 35 years old. He was born in Utah but he lived in Arizona for twenty years. He was a deputy sheriff for two years. At the present he is Justice of the Peace in Saint David. He married a Cochise county girl and all his interests are in this county. He is perfectly familiar with every section of the county with exception of Bisbee. But he is rapidly becoming familiar with this town and its people and is making friends every day. This is a matter of concern to every taxpayer.

You have an opportunity this fall to elect this man to the office of assessor, and you can depend on him to faithfully carry out the reforms above indicated.

Our Candidate for Probate Judge

The judges of the supreme court of the United States are appointed to office "for life or during good behavior." An impression has seemed to gain credence that the probate judge of this county was selected in a like manner, and that even the latter provision in reference to the members of that august tribunal did not apply here.

This is a mistake, appearances to the contrary notwithstanding. The office of probate judge is an elective one, and the voters will, on election day, have an opportunity to place in that position a man who was nominated for the unfamiliar reason that he is qualified to fulfill the duties of the office. Cyrus R. Bostwick was born in New York city 33 years ago and lived in that metropolis until 1864, when he was advised by his physicians to seek the benefits of the glorious climate of southern Arizona. He came direct to Cochise county, where he has since resided and completely recovered his health. He was for a while in the employ of the Packard Cattle Company, but has been most of the time in a clerical position for the government at Ft. Huachuca. He was appointed paymaster in the army, but as Tom Platt wanted the position for one of his Republican henchmen, Mr. Arizona Democrat had to go without. Mr. Bostwick is broad minded, intelligent and liberally educated. He is a clever penman and accountant, and has made a special study of law and probate matters. He cannot be accused of being a chronic office seeker, as he has never held office and never before been a candidate. A good, big majority for Bostwick would mean one of the "first class men" needed for the first class county, and would mean much besides.

Democrats of the south, are you not? The democrats of the North are wisely looking ahead. The representation in the Territorial convention, two years from now, will be according to the vote cast in this election for Mark Smith. If the southern counties want to hold control they must cast more votes for Smith than the democrats in the north do. A vote for Smith is a vote for your own election.

As a bright, able, newsy, representative Arizona newspaper we commend to our readers The Phoenix Daily Enterprise.